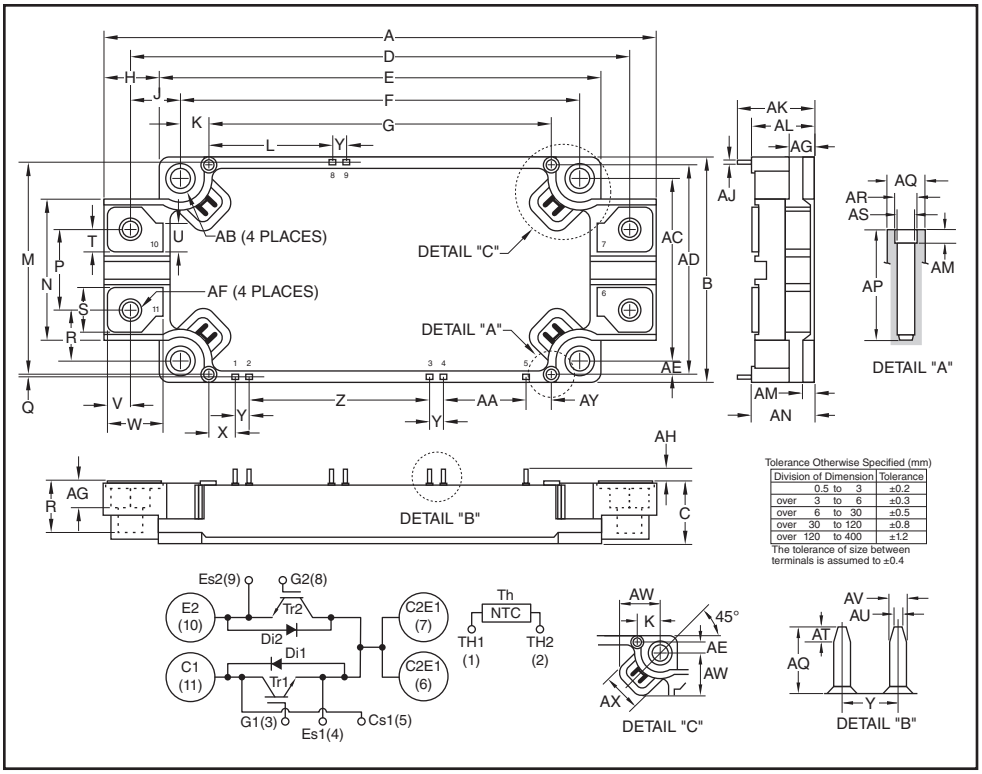
Powerex, Inc., 173 Pavilion Lane, Youngwood, Pennsylvania 15697 (724) 925-7272
www.pwrx.com

CM150DX-34SA

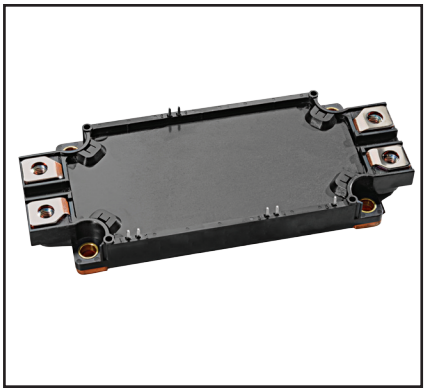
Dual IGBT
NX-Series Module
150 Amperes/1700 Volts



Outline Drawing and Circuit Diagram

Dimensions	Inches	Millimeters
A	5.98	152.0
B	2.44	62.0
C	0.67+0.04/-0.02	17.0+1.0/-0.5
D	5.39	137.0
E	4.79	121.7
F	4.33±0.02	110.0±0.5
G	3.72	94.5
H	0.60	15.14
J	0.53	13.5
K	0.31	7.75
L	1.33±0.012	33.91±0.3
M	2.28±0.012	57.95±0.3
N	1.54	39.0
P	0.87	22.0
Q	0.017±0.012	0.45±0.3
R	0.55	14.0
S	0.47	12.0
T	0.24	6.0
U	0.31	8.0
V	0.26	6.5
W	0.62	15.64
X	0.28±0.012	7.24±0.3
Y	0.15	3.81
Z	1.95±0.012	49.53±0.3

Dimensions	Inches	Millimeters
AA	0.9±0.012	22.86±0.3
AB	0.22 Dia.	5.5 Dia.
AC	1.97±0.02	50.0±0.5
AD	2.26	57.5
AE	0.15	3.75
AF	M6	M6
AG	0.28	7.0
AH	0.14	3.5
AJ	0.03	0.8
AK	0.81	20.5
AL	0.70	17.0
AM	0.12	3.0
AN	0.65	16.5
AP	0.49	12.5
AQ	0.18	4.5
AR	0.102 Dia.	2.6 Dia.
AS	0.089 Dia.	2.25 Dia.
AT	0.05	1.2
AU	0.03	0.65
AV	0.05	1.15
AW	0.54	13.7
AX	0.52	13.0
AY	0.285	7.25



Description:
Powerex IGBT Modules are designed for use in switching applications. Each module consists of two IGBT Transistors in a half-bridge configuration with each transistor having a reverse-connected super-fast recovery free-wheel diode. All components and interconnects are isolated from the heat sinking baseplate, offering simplified system assembly and thermal management.

Features:
- ☐ Low Drive Power
- ☐ Low $V_{CE(sat)}$
- ☐ Discrete Super-Fast Recovery Free-Wheel Diode
- ☐ Isolated Baseplate for Easy Heat Sinking

Applications:
- ☐ AC Motor Control
- ☐ Motion/Servo Control
- ☐ Photovoltaic/Fuel Cell

Ordering Information:
Example: Select the complete module number you desire from the table below -i.e. CM150DX-34SA is a 1700V (V_{CES}), 150 Ampere Dual IGBT Power Module.

Type	Current Rating Amperes	V_{CES} Volts (x 50)
CM	150	34

CM150DX-34SA
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150 Amperes/1700 Volts

Absolute Maximum Ratings, T_j = 25°C unless otherwise specified

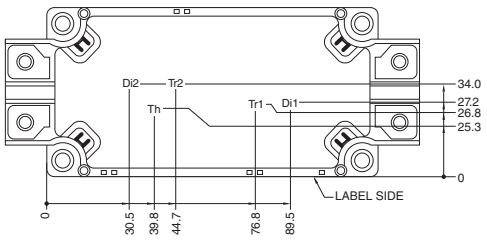
Inverter Part IGBT/FWDi

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Units
Collector-Emitter Voltage (V_{GE} = 0V)	V_{CES}	1700	Volts
Gate-Emitter Voltage (V_{CE} = 0V)	V_{GES}	±20	Volts
Collector Current (DC, T_C = 125°C)*2,*4	I_C	150	Amperes
Collector Current (Pulse, Repetitive)*3	I_{CRM}	300	Amperes
Total Power Dissipation (T_C = 25°C)*2,*4	P_{tot}	1500	Watts
Emitter Current (T_C = 25°C)*2,*4	I_E*1	150	Amperes
Emitter Current (Pulse, Repetitive)*3	I_{ERM}*1	300	Amperes
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j(max)}$	175	°C

Module

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Units
Maximum Case Temperature*2	$T_{C(max)}$	125	°C
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_{j(op)}$	-40 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
Isolation Voltage (Terminals to Baseplate, RMS, f = 60Hz, AC 1 minute)	V_{ISO}	4000	Volts

*1 Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-to-collector free wheeling diode (FWDi).
*2 Case temperature (T_C) and heatsink temperature (T_s) is measured on the surface (mounting side) of the baseplate and the heatsink side just under the chips. Refer to the figure to the right for chip location. The heatsink thermal resistance should be measured just under the chips.
*3 Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that device junction temperature (T_j) does not exceed $T_{j(max)}$ rating.
*4 Junction temperature (T_j) should not increase beyond maximum junction temperature ($T_{j(max)}$) rating.



Tr1, Tr2: IGBT, Di1, Di2: FWDi, Th: NTC Thermistor
Each mark points to the center position of each chip.

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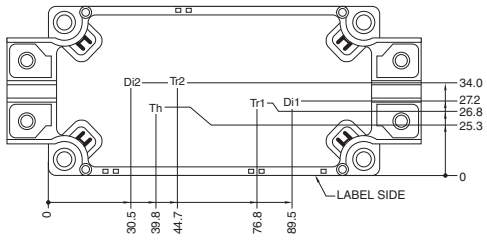
Electrical Characteristics, T_j = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Inverter Part IGBT/FWDi

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, V_{GE} = 0V	—	—	1	mA
Gate-Emitter Leakage Current	I_{GES}	$V_{GE} = V_{GES}$, V_{CE} = 0V	—	—	0.5	µA
Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	I_C = 15mA, V_{CE} = 10V	5.4	6	6.6	Volts
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Terminal)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 25°C*6	—	2.0	2.5	Volts
		I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 125°C*6	—	2.2	—	Volts
		I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 150°C*6	—	2.25	—	Volts
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Chip)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 25°C*6	—	1.9	2.4	Volts
		I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 125°C*6	—	2.1	—	Volts
		I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_j = 150°C*6	—	2.15	—	Volts
Input Capacitance	C_{ies}	V_{CE} = 10V, V_{GE} = 0V	—	—	26	nF
Output Capacitance	C_{oes}		—	—	1.1	nF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{res}		—	—	0.26	nF
Gate Charge	Q_G	V_{CC} = 1000V, I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = 15V	—	828	—	nC
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{CC} = 1000V, I_C = 150A, V_{GE} = ±15V, R_G = 0Ω, Inductive Load	—	—	400	ns
Rise Time	t_r		—	—	100	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		—	—	700	ns
Fall Time	t_f		—	—	600	ns
Emitter-Collector Voltage (Terminal)	V_{EC}*1	I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 25°C*6	—	4.1	5.3	Volts
		I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 125°C*6	—	2.9	—	Volts
		I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 150°C*6	—	2.7	—	Volts
Emitter-Collector Voltage (Chip)	V_{EC}*1	I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 25°C*6	—	4.0	5.2	Volts
		I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 125°C*6	—	2.8	—	Volts
		I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 150°C*6	—	2.6	—	Volts
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}*1	V_{CC} = 1000V, I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = ±15V	—	—	300	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}*1	R_G = 1.6Ω, Inductive Load	—	5.0	—	µC
Turn-on Switching Energy per Pulse	E_{on}	V_{CC} = 1000V, I_C = I_E = 150A, V_{GE} = ±15V, R_G = 1.6Ω, T_j = 150°C, Inductive Load	—	26	—	mJ
Turn-off Switching Energy per Pulse	E_{off}		—	46	—	mJ
Reverse Recovery Energy per Pulse	E_{rr}*1		—	32	—	mJ
Internal Lead Resistance	$R_{CC' + EE'}$	Main Terminals-Chip, Per Switch, T_C = 25°C*2	—	—	2.0	mΩ
Internal Gate Resistance	r_g	Per Switch	—	3.4	—	Ω

*1 Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-to-collector free wheeling diode (FWDi).
*2 Case temperature (T_C) and heatsink temperature (T_s) is measured on the surface (mounting side) of the baseplate and the heatsink side just under the chips. Refer to the figure to the right for chip location. The heatsink thermal resistance should be measured just under the chips.
*6 Pulse width and repetition rate should be such as to cause negligible temperature rise.



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Each mark points to the center position of each chip.

Electrical Characteristics, T_j = 25°C unless otherwise specified (continued)

NTC Thermistor Part

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Zero Power Resistance	R_{25}	T_C = 25°C*2	4.85	5.00	5.15	kΩ
Deviation of Resistance	ΔR/R	T_C = 100°C, R_{100} = 493Ω	-7.3	—	+7.8	%
B Constant	$B_{(25/50)}$	Approximate by Equation*7	—	3375	—	K
Power Dissipation	P_{25}	T_C = 25°C*2	—	—	10	mW

Thermal Resistance Characteristics

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case*2	$R_{th(j-c)}Q$	Per Inverter IGBT	—	—	0.10	K/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case*2	$R_{th(j-c)}D$	Per Inverter FWDi	—	—	0.16	K/W
Contact Thermal Resistance, Case to Heatsink*2	$R_{th(c-f)}$	Thermal Grease Applied (Per 1 Module)*8	—	15	—	K/kW

Mechanical Characteristics

Mounting Torque	M_t	Mounting to Heatsink, M5 Screw	22	27	31	in-lb
	M_s	Mounting to Heatsink, M5 Screw	22	27	31	in-lb
Creepage Distance	d_s	Terminal to Terminal	17.0	—	—	mm
		Terminal to Baseplate	16.8	—	—	mm
Clearance	d_a	Terminal to Terminal	10.0	—	—	mm
		Terminal to Baseplate	10.0	—	—	mm
Weight	m		—	350	—	Grams
Flatness of Baseplate	e_c	On Centerline X, Y*5	±0	—	+100	µm

Recommended Operating Conditons, T_a = 25°C

(DC) Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	Applied Across C1-E2	—	1000	1200	Volts
Gate (-Emitter Drive) Voltage	$V_{GE(on)}$	Applied Across G1-Es1 / G2-Es2	13.5	15.0	16.5	Volts
External Gate Resistance	R_G	Per Switch	0	—	47	Ω

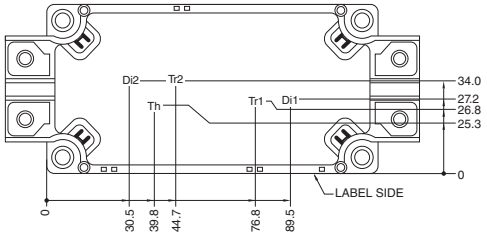
*2 Case temperature (T_C) and heatsink temperature (T_S) is measured on the surface (mounting side) of the baseplate and the heatsink side just under the chips. Refer to the figure to the right for chip location. The heatsink thermal resistance should be measured just under the chips.

*5 Baseplate (mounting side) flatness measurement points (X, Y) are shown in the figure below.

*7 $B_{(25/50)} = \ln(\frac{R_{25}}{R_{50}})/(\frac{1}{T_{25}} - \frac{1}{T_{50}})$

R_{25}; Resistance at Absolute Temperature T_{25} [K]; T_{25} = 25 [°C] + 273.15 = 298.15 [K]
R_{50}; Resistance at Absolute Temperature T_{50} [K]; T_{50} = 50 [°C] + 273.15 = 323.15 [K]

*8 Typical value is measured by using thermally conductive grease of λ = 0.9 [W/(m • K)].



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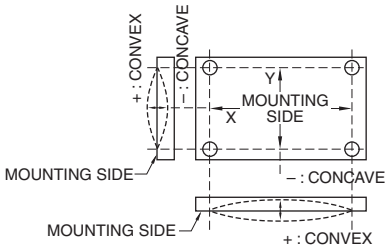

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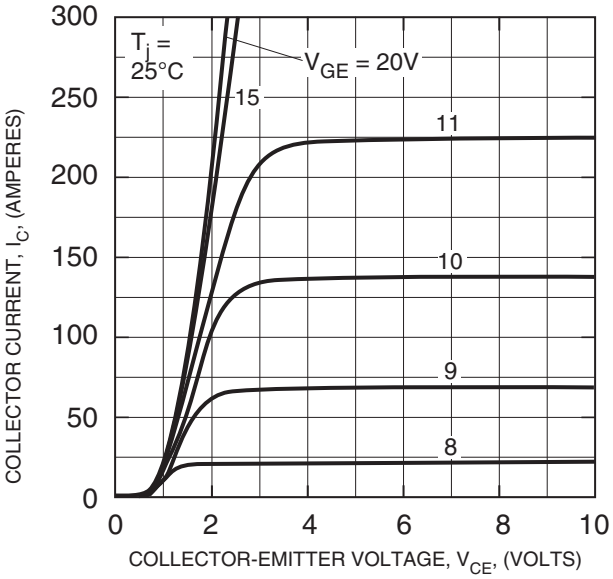
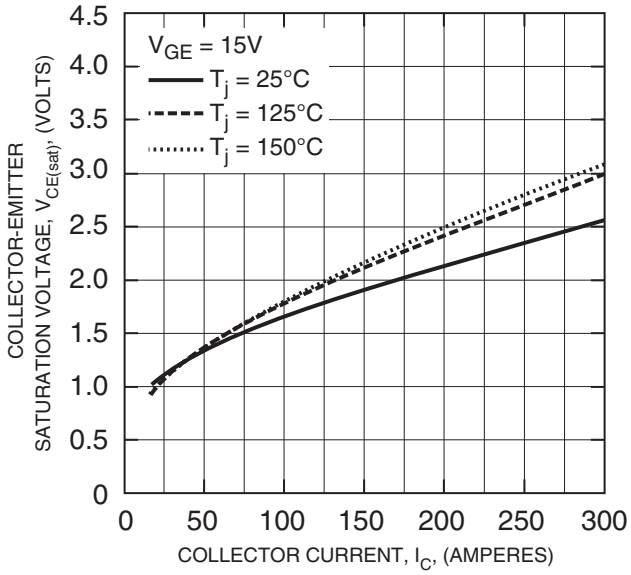
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS (CHIP - TYPICAL)



COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (CHIP - TYPICAL)



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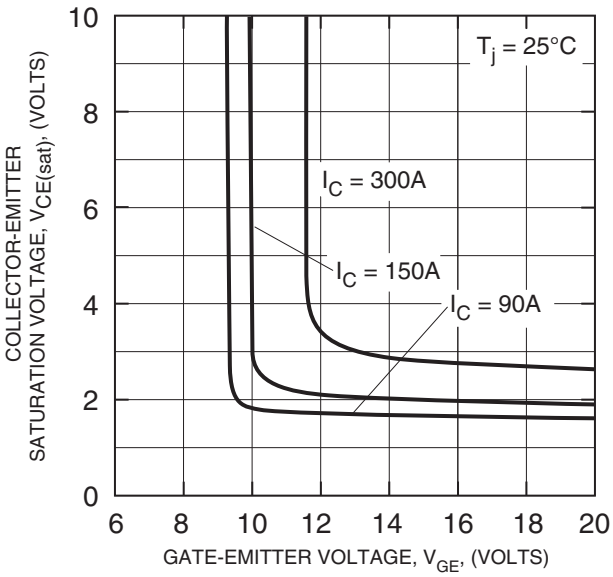
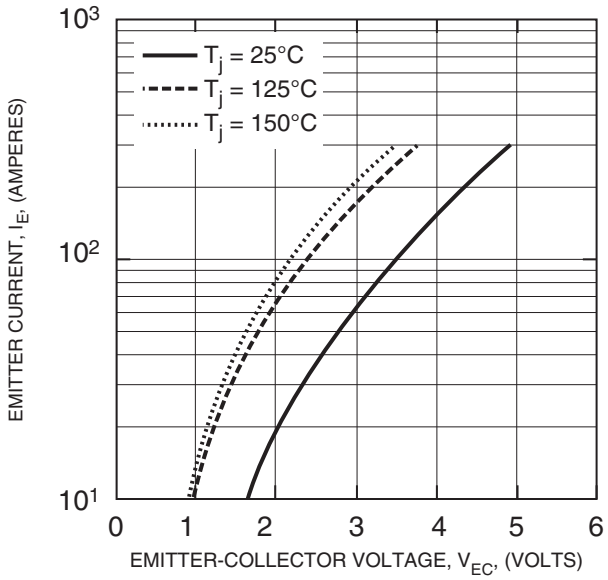
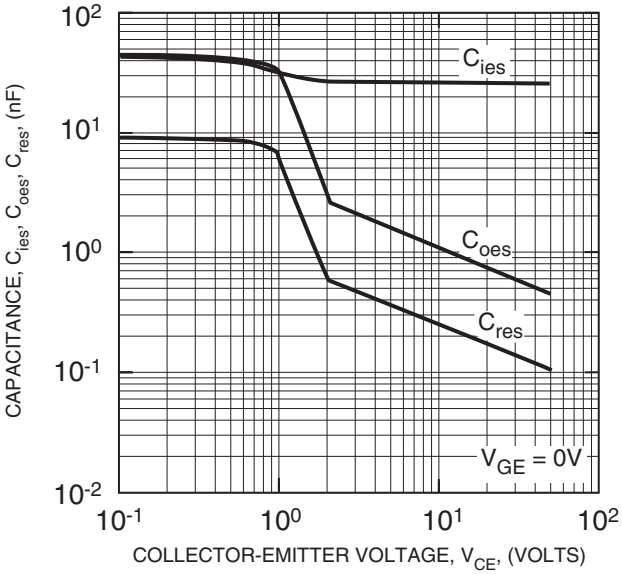


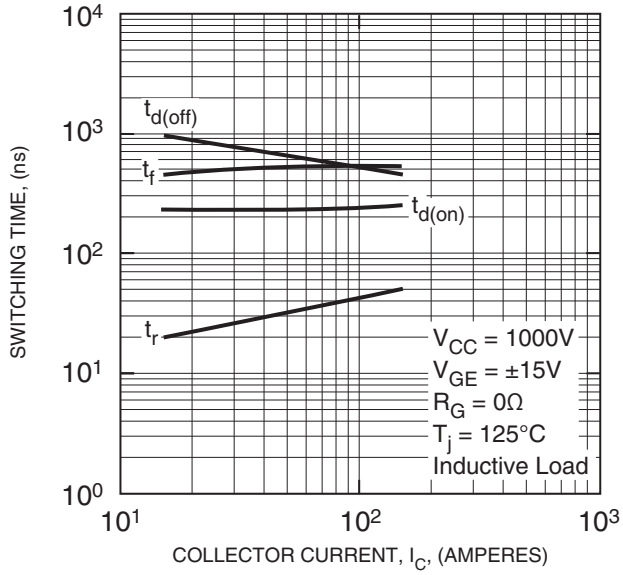
FREE-WHEEL DIODE FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS (CHIP - TYPICAL)



CAPACITANCE VS. V_{CE} (TYPICAL)



HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



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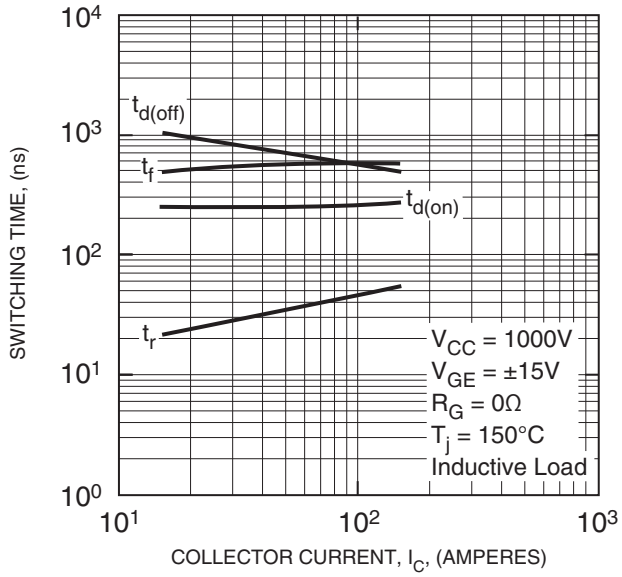
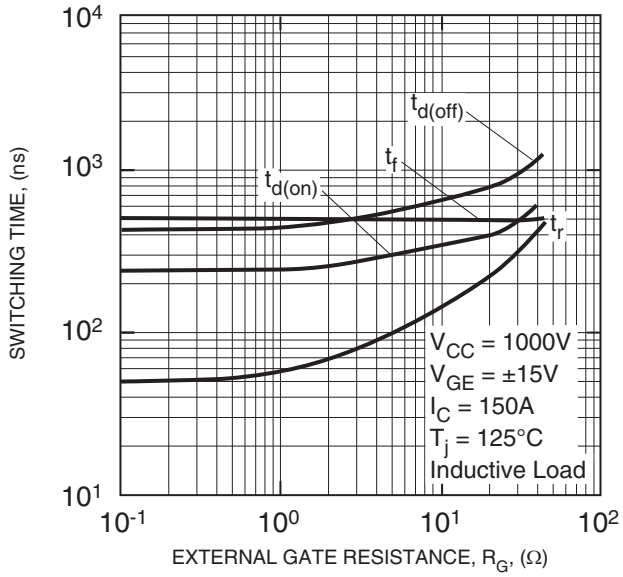


SWITCHING TIME VS. GATE RESISTANCE (TYPICAL)



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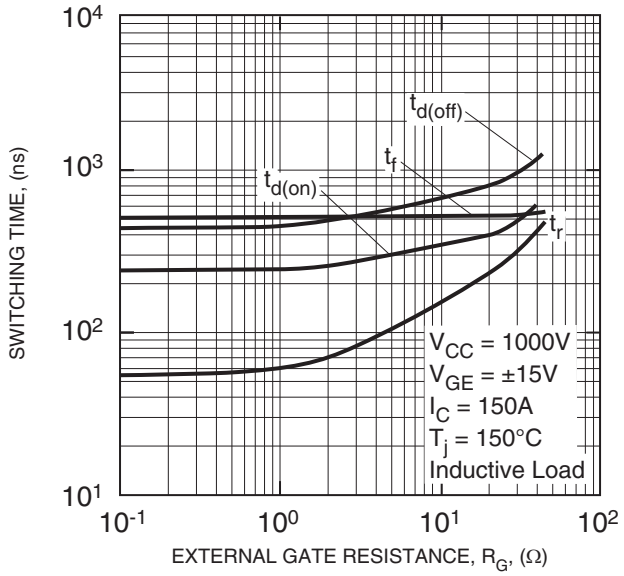
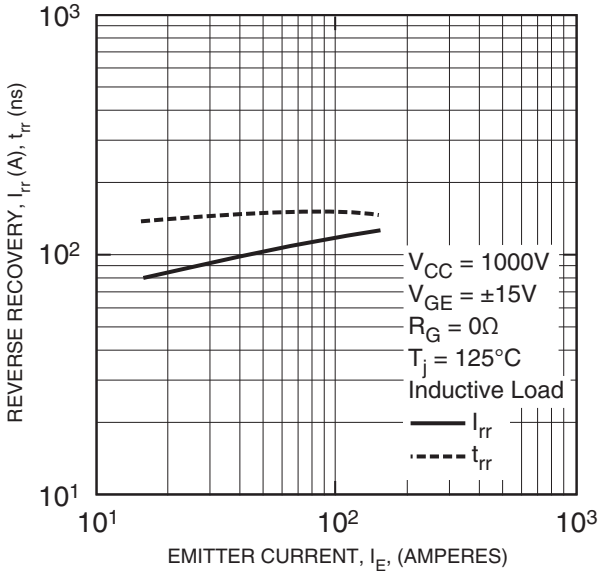


REVERSE RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



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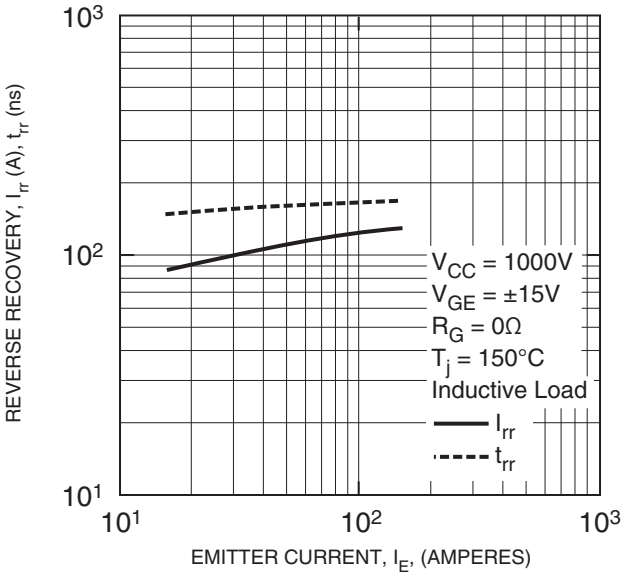
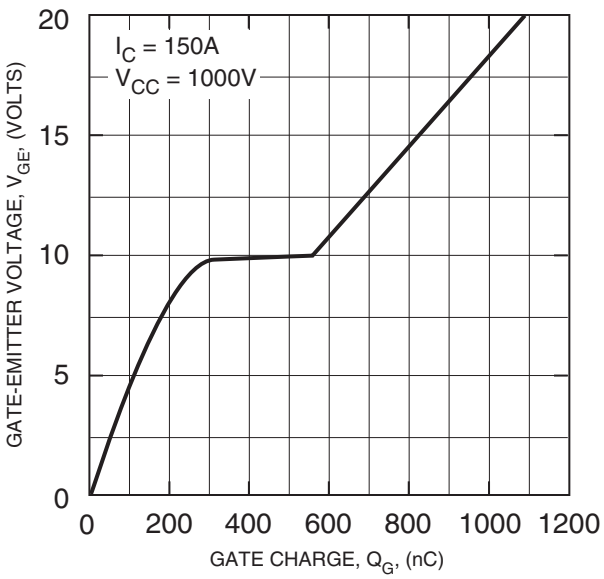
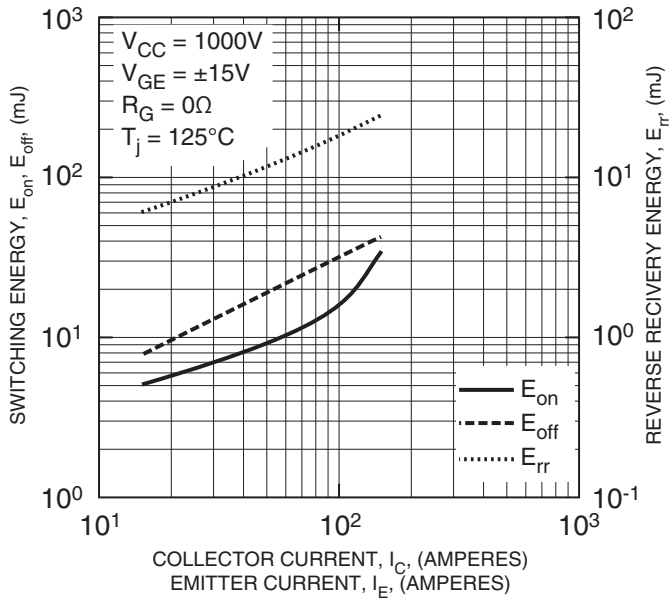


GATE CHARGE VS. V_{GE}



HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



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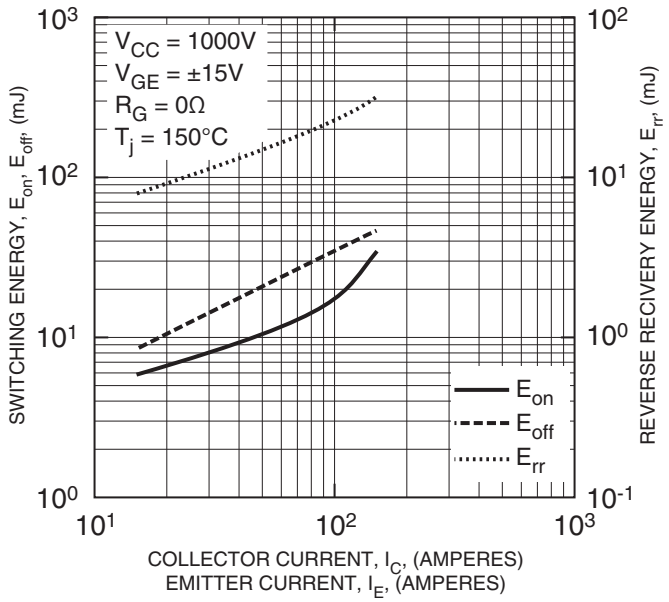

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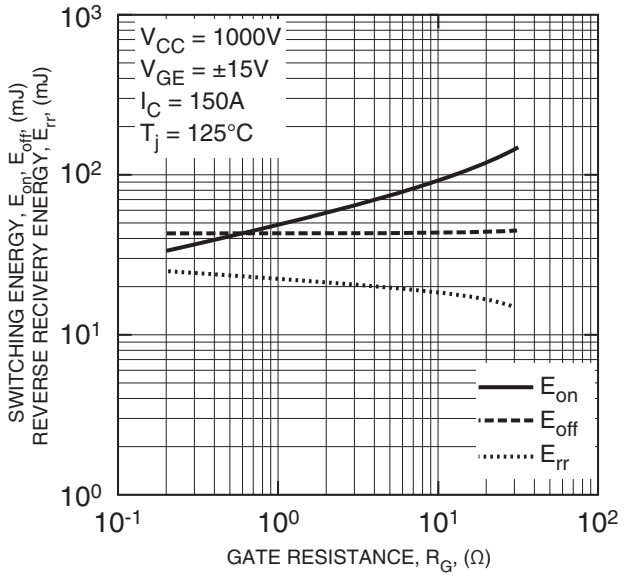

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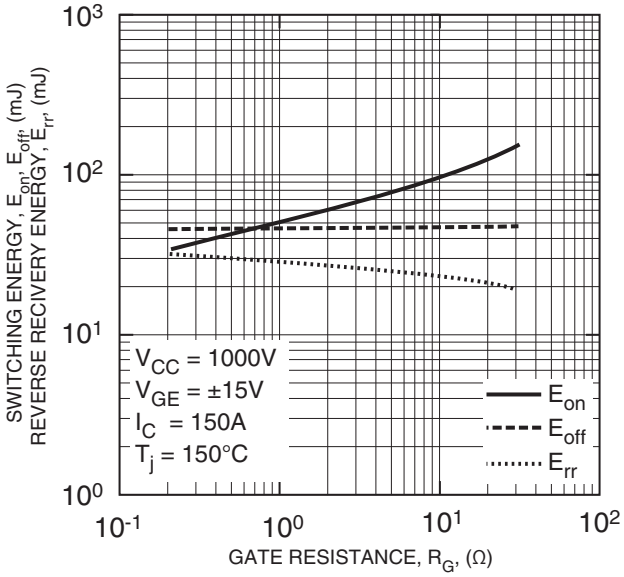

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TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS (MAXIMUM)